

# Ethical challenges in the datadriven detection of dementia

DR RICHARD MILNE AND DR ALESSIA COSTA

#### Something old, something new

Risk disclosure and the return of results

Social justice and algorithmic equity

#### SPACE

Study of stakeholder perspectives on ethical challenges of digital tools for the detection of cognitive decline

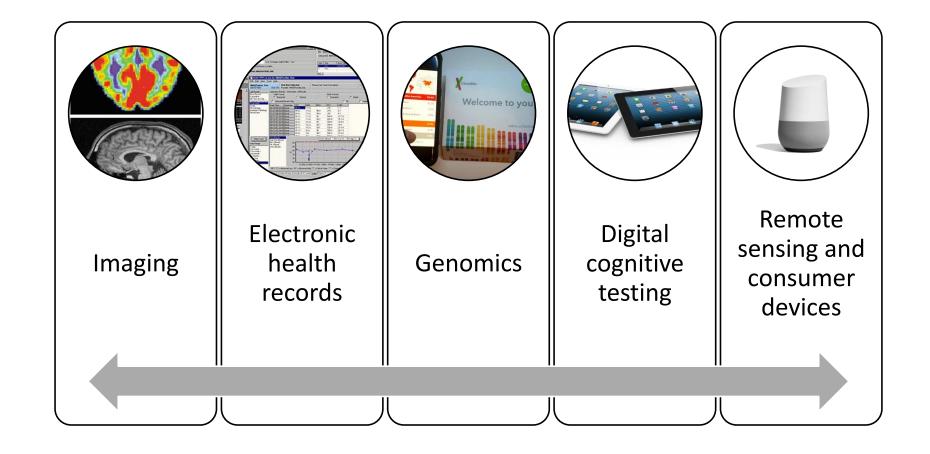
- 1. Mapping review of tools and technologies
- 2. Expert interviews and observations
- 3. Interviews with older adults on digital health monitoring, and changing perspectives as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic



WELLCOME GENOME CAM
SOCIETY+
ETHICS
RESEARCH







Clinical settings Domestic settings







#### (12) United States Patent Fadell et al.

(54) MONITORING AND REPORTING
HOUSEHOLD ACTIVITIES IN THE SMART
HOME ACCORDING TO A HOUSEHOLD
POLICY

(71) Applicant: GOOGLE INC., Mounta (US)

(72) Inventors: Anthony M. Fadell, San (US); Yoky Matsuoka, Pa (US); David Sloo, Menlo (US); Maxime Veron, Lo (US)

(73) Assignee: GOOGLE LLC, Mounta (US)

Next, based upon the monitored contextual data, an inference may be made regarding medical diagnosis of one or more occupants of the household. For example, when an occupant's movement patterns match those of the movement patterns associated with Alzheimer's disease, the system may infer a higher probability that the household occupant has the disease. Further, upon attributing coughs and/or sniffing, for example, by a household occupant, the system may infer that the occupant is acquiring a cold and/or influenza. The inference may be reported and/or recorded for subsequent use in the system.

### Risk disclosure and returning results

On Not Jumping the Gun: Ethical Aspects of APOE Gene Testing for Alzheimer's Disease<sup>a</sup>

STEPHEN G. POST

Center for Biomedical Ethics School of Medicine Case Western Reserve University Cleveland. Ohio 44106 Sunday Review

# What if You Knew Alzheimer's Was Coming for You?

Simple blood tests may soon be able to deliver alarming news about your cognitive health.

By PAGAN KENNEDY NOV. 17, 2017



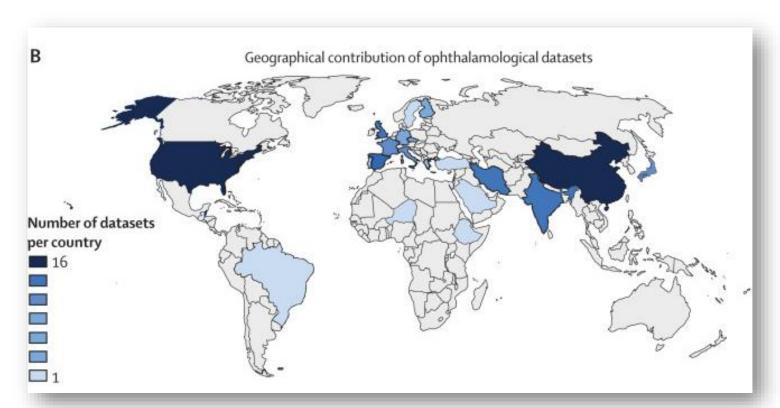
"If you just give someone a score, I mean, you can't tell someone on an app that they have Alzheimer's or they're going to get Alzheimer's disease. ... it's ethically questionable." (Company data scientist)

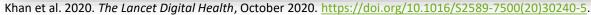
"... those questions around, why would you want to know early? What level of accuracy? How difficult is it to do that? I think those are the bigger and different questions for dementia" (clinical researcher) "it's always good to have a professional having a look at ... whether the **whole picture of you** is potentially showing the first signs of a disease." (senior clinical researcher A)

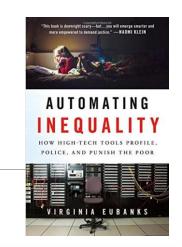
"you get into a hotter and hotter water the more responsibility you take away from the clinician" (senior clinical researcher B)

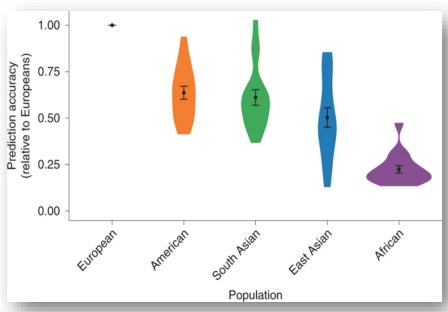
## Bias and equity





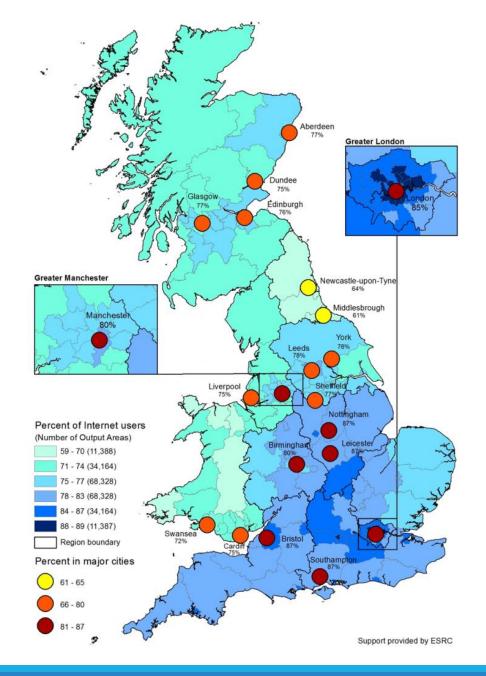






Prediction accuracy relative to Europeanancestry individuals across 17 quantitative traits and 5 continental populations in the UKBB. (Martin et al. 2019)

"... some people believe that there are gender biases, ethnic biases in the diagnoses, and if that's true and we develop a 100% accurate classifier, I'm concerned that at extreme you could say we've developed a racist algorithm" (senior clinical researcher A)



#### Conclusions

